

# Discovery Webhooks

## Overview

Webhooks allow you to build or set up applications which subscribe to new reports in your Discovery account. When a new report was generated, we'll send a HTTP POST payload to the webhook's configured URL. Webhooks can be used to update an external issue tracker, feed into a SIEM, or even deploy a backup to your production server. You're only limited by your imagination.

Webhooks can be installed and configured exactly like your email or Slack notifications. Once installed, the webhook will be triggered each time a new report is generated.

## Setting up a webhook

Creating a webhook is a two-step process. You'll first need to set up how you want your webhook to behave through Discovery. After that, you'll set up your server to receive and manage the payload.

Setting up a webhook is similar to setting up email or text notifications. Go to [Settings > Notifications](#) and click on "Add Custom Webhook".

The image shows a breadcrumb-style navigation path within a software interface. It consists of three elements: 'Settings', 'Notifications', and 'Add Webhook', each preceded by a right-pointing chevron. The text is in a light blue color and is contained within a thin, light blue rectangular border.

**Webhook URL:** This is the server endpoint that will receive the webhook payload. This URL must be accessible by the Discovery services, so make sure it is not a private URL like in the example image, but publicly accessible.

*We recommend that you protect the URL via HTTPS as well.*

## Payload

The second step to process webhooks is the server to handle the request. Discovery will send a `POST` request to the specified webhook URL for each new report it generates.

The body of the request has always the content type `application/json` and the following format:

```
{
  "id": "string",
  "time": "int",
  "origin": "string",
  "summary": {
    "discovered": "int",
    "responding": "int",
    "scanned": "int",
    "malware": "int",
    "defacement": "int",
    "reputation": "int",
    "application": "int",
    "tls": "int"
  }
}
```

# Securing your webhooks

Once your server is configured to receive payloads, it'll listen for any payload sent to the endpoint you configured. For security reasons, you probably want to limit requests to those coming from Discovery.

Discovery uses a hash signature to sign each webhook payload. This hash signature is passed along with each request in the headers as `X-Nimbussec-Signature`. Discovery uses PKCS 1 using RSAwithSHA512 to calculate the signature, which is sent encoded as BASE64 in the headers value.

You can use the following example codes to validate the Discovery signature:

Using Java:

```
public boolean verifySignature(byte[] signature, byte[] data) {
    try {
        PKCS8EncodedKeySpec spec = new PKCS8EncodedKeySpec(Base64.decodeBase64(PRIVATE_KEY));
        PublicKey key = KeyFactory.getInstance("RSA").generatePublic(spec);

        Signature sig = Signature.getInstance("SHA512WithRSA");
        sig.initVerify(key);
```

```

    sig.update(data);

    return sig.verify(signature);
} catch(InvalidKeySpecException | SignatureException | NoSuchAlgorithmException | InvalidKeyException ex)
{
    return false;
}
}

```

Using Go:

```

package example

import (
    "crypto"
    "crypto/rsa"
    "crypto/sha512"
)

func VerifySignature(signature []byte, data []byte) bool {
    // Example code to get the Discovery signature
    // header := request.Header.Get("X-Nimbusec-Signature")
    // signature, _ := base64.StdEncoding.DecodeString(header)

    // Example code to get the response body data
    // data, _ := ioutil.ReadAll(r.Body)

    hashed := sha512.Sum512(data)
    err := rsa.VerifyPKCS1v15(PublicKey, crypto.SHA512, hashed[:], signature)
    return err == nil
}

```

The repository [nimbusec-oss/nimbusec-gelf](https://github.com/nimbusec-oss/nimbusec-gelf) showcases how to verify Discovery webhook signatures as well.

The public key used to verify all Discovery webhook signatures is:

```

-----BEGIN PUBLIC KEY-----
MIICljANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQEFAAOCAg8AMIICGgKCAgEAlgbfxMniLiDMRYhRYY0f
fOLEACXSCWmX0/rSL+qib/3cbZAMOEknXUudich4ZuCHulZ9ApaPx/7u+x5jQSj4
aiZXJE+S+LecUqwbq1CSfByLPViyYu2xt2l0tqYdsQK6KmQs2GI00UP/yxrHtcEz

```

NaZO8Z7bdL1AY3eW6oPjWeORK91FAEONbnCvXmPoGa/4+AUWr6FmMrjFiG8yM72K  
eUvfzyWtZYNeFxj+2UmqTco1oEdGmwJJYKgPAg4mRXOPBs1Il6W9+bwomUed/Rxd  
GHuNPY4b9BOgSyFFoEHQJ2eL+W9IMpWegwV7VxXc37WIHQxoZ1886gO+u3hxvo++  
+v0ami3JT1BZriTYdjSydktyUARQQzDaxAsYwUMTs/G++yiF3jt+J43pKvZ+ZSTP  
+vXAKd+acbsUmH6Wlxsu915BVPcnMgyeUWOK6NojiW4Z4BEuCWVKfqMKRU+LypFN  
Hqpd3wxT26jnykJOm0a2xloXlImjS9x/LcHd6onN6l6wdPz8zSAU6lr0T2kWgPY+I  
u0RaI9lpafe/Rq6GjPlvrlWNY2hjjhJ1FtzMCgySCs+XEjqFbM2GEOSK4M/NGY9+  
zzkNgL4B0HpMHgRNeRfx0q+LuZtuHvNEDxmp/OvvfRqQGo5qqDhojm3rRi5qbsLa  
k3siF46a7ml6ONtAD/Eib1kCAwEAAQ==  
-----END PUBLIC KEY-----

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